

# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

## F07VEF (STBTRS/DTBTRS)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07VEF (STBTRS/DTBTRS) solves a real triangular band system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,  $AX = B$  or  $A^T X = B$ .

### 2 Specification

```

SUBROUTINE F07VEF(UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, KD, NRHS, AB, LDAB, B, LDB,
1              INFO)
ENTRY      stbtrs (UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, KD, NRHS, AB, LDAB, B, LDB,
1              INFO)
INTEGER    N, KD, NRHS, LDAB, LDB, INFO
real     AB(LDAB,*), B(LDB,*)
CHARACTER*1 UPLO, TRANS, DIAG

```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

### 3 Description

This routine solves a real triangular band system of linear equations  $AX = B$  or  $A^T X = B$ .

### 4 References

Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Higham N J (1989) The accuracy of solutions to triangular systems *SIAM J. Numer. Anal.* **26** 1252–1265

### 5 Parameters

- 1: UPLO – CHARACTER\*1 *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether  $A$  is upper or lower triangular as follows:  
 if UPLO = 'U',  $A$  is upper triangular;  
 if UPLO = 'L',  $A$  is lower triangular.  
*Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.
- 2: TRANS – CHARACTER\*1 *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates the form of the equations as follows:  
 if TRANS = 'N', the equations are of the form  $AX = B$ ;  
 if TRANS = 'T' or 'C', the equations are of the form  $A^T X = B$ .  
*Constraint:* TRANS = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

- 3:    DIAG – CHARACTER\*1 Input  
*On entry:* indicates whether  $A$  is a non-unit or unit triangular matrix as follows:  
       if DIAG = 'N',  $A$  is a non-unit triangular matrix;  
       if DIAG = 'U',  $A$  is a unit triangular matrix; the diagonal elements are not referenced and are assumed to be 1.  
*Constraint:* DIAG = 'N' or 'U'.
- 4:    N – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .
- 5:    KD – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:*  $k$ , the number of super-diagonals of the matrix  $A$  if UPLO = 'U' or the number of sub-diagonals if UPLO = 'L'.  
*Constraint:*  $KD \geq 0$ .
- 6:    NRHS – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:*  $r$ , the number of right-hand sides.  
*Constraint:* NRHS  $\geq 0$ .
- 7:    AB(LDAB,\*) – *real* array Input  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array AB must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $n$  triangular band matrix  $A$ , stored in rows 1 to  $(k + 1)$ . More precisely, if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of  $A$  within the band must be stored with element  $a_{ij}$  in  $AB(k + 1 + i - j, j)$  for  $\max(1, j - k) \leq i \leq j$ ; if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of  $A$  within the band must be stored with element  $a_{ij}$  in  $AB(1 + i - j, j)$  for  $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + k)$ . If DIAG = 'U', the diagonal elements are not referenced and are assumed to be 1.
- 8:    LDAB – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F07VEF (STBTRS/DTBTRS) is called.  
*Constraint:* LDAB  $\geq KD + 1$ .
- 9:    B(LDB,\*) – *real* array Input/Output  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array B must be at least  $\max(1, NRHS)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $r$  right-hand side matrix  $B$ .  
*On exit:* the  $n$  by  $r$  solution matrix  $X$ .
- 10:   LDB – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07VEF (STBTRS/DTBTRS) is called.  
*Constraint:* LDB  $\geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 11:   INFO – INTEGER Output  
*On exit:* INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO =  $-i$ , the  $i$ th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO =  $i$ ,  $a_{ii}$  is zero and the matrix  $A$  is singular.

## 7 Accuracy

The solutions of triangular systems of equations are usually computed to high accuracy. See Higham (1989).

For each right-hand side vector  $b$ , the computed solution  $x$  is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations  $(A + E)x = b$ , where

$$|E| \leq c(k)\epsilon|A|,$$

$c(k)$  is a modest linear function of  $k$ , and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If  $\hat{x}$  is the true solution, then the computed solution  $x$  satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \leq c(k) \text{cond}(A, x)\epsilon, \quad \text{provided } c(k) \text{cond}(A, x)\epsilon < 1,$$

where  $\text{cond}(A, x) = \| |A^{-1}| |A| |x| \|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty}$ .

Note that  $\text{cond}(A, x) \leq \text{cond}(A) = \| |A^{-1}| |A| \|_{\infty} \leq \kappa_{\infty}(A)$ ;  $\text{cond}(A, x)$  can be much smaller than  $\text{cond}(A)$  and it is also possible for  $\text{cond}(A^T)$  to be much larger (or smaller) than  $\text{cond}(A)$ .

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07VHF (STBRFS/DTBRFS), and an estimate for  $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$  can be obtained by calling F07VGF (STBCON/DTBCON) with NORM = 'I'.

## 8 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately  $2nkr$  if  $k \ll n$ .

The complex analogue of this routine is F07VSF (CTBTRS/ZTBTRS).

## 9 Example

To solve the system of equations  $AX = B$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -4.16 & 0.00 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ -2.25 & 4.78 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 5.86 & 6.32 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 & -4.82 & 0.16 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -16.64 & -4.16 \\ -13.78 & -16.59 \\ 13.10 & -4.94 \\ -14.14 & -9.96 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here  $A$  is treated as a lower triangular band matrix with 1 sub-diagonal.

## 9.1 Program Text

**Note:** the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```

*      F07VEF Example Program Text
*      Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
*      .. Parameters ..
INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER       (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
INTEGER          NMAX, KDMAX, LDAB, NRHMAX, LDB
PARAMETER       (NMAX=8,KDMAX=NMAX,LDAB=KDMAX+1,NRHMAX=NMAX,
+              LDB=NMAX)
CHARACTER        TRANS, DIAG
PARAMETER       (TRANS='N',DIAG='N')
*      .. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER          I, IFAIL, INFO, J, KD, N, NRHS
CHARACTER        UPLO
*      .. Local Arrays ..
real           AB(LDAB,NMAX), B(LDB,NRHMAX)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL         sbtrs, X04CAF
*      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
INTRINSIC        MAX, MIN
*      .. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07VEF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) N, KD, NRHS
IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. KD.LE.KDMAX .AND. NRHS.LE.NRHMAX) THEN

*
*      Read A and B from data file
*
      READ (NIN,*) UPLO
      IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
        DO 20 I = 1, N
          READ (NIN,*) (AB(KD+1+I-J,J),J=I,MIN(N,I+KD))
20      CONTINUE
      ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
        DO 40 I = 1, N
          READ (NIN,*) (AB(1+I-J,J),J=MAX(1,I-KD),I)
40      CONTINUE
      END IF
      READ (NIN,*) ((B(I,J),J=1,NRHS),I=1,N)

*
*      Compute solution
*
      CALL sbtrs(UPLO,TRANS,DIAG,N,KD,NRHS,AB,LDAB,B,LDB,INFO)

*
*      Print solution
*
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      IF (INFO.EQ.0) THEN
        IFAIL = 0
        CALL X04CAF('General',' ',N,NRHS,B,LDB,'Solution(s)',IFAIL)
      ELSE
        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is singular'
      END IF
    END IF
  STOP
*
  END

```

## 9.2 Program Data

F07VEF Example Program Data

```
4 1 2 :Values of N, KD and NRHS
'L' :Value of UPLO
-4.16
-2.25 4.78
      5.86 6.32
      -4.82 0.16 :End of matrix A
-16.64 -4.16
-13.78 -16.59
13.10 -4.94
-14.14 -9.96 :End of matrix B
```

## 9.3 Program Results

F07VEF Example Program Results

Solution(s)

	1	2
1	4.0000	1.0000
2	-1.0000	-3.0000
3	3.0000	2.0000
4	2.0000	-2.0000

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